

Relying / Issuing Parties and ROA Validation

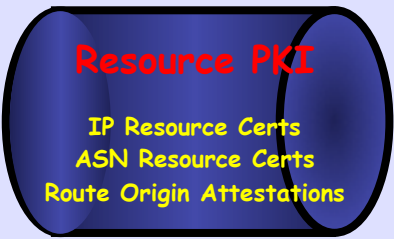
2012.04.17

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Up / Down
to Parent



Publication
Protocol



Up / Down
to Child

rpki.net

labuser01

- dashboard
- routes
- parents
- children
- roas
- ghostbusters
- repositories

Create ROA

Please confirm that you would like to create the following ROA. The table on the right shows how the validation status may change as a result.

AS	Prefix	Max Length
3130	98.128.1.0/24	24

Matched Routes

Prefix	Origin AS	Validation Status
98.128.1.0/24	4128	INVALID
98.128.1.0/24	3130	VALID

GUI

Warning What ROA Will Do

rpk.net

labuser01

[dashboard](#)

[routes](#)

[parents](#)

[children](#)

[roas](#)

[ghostbusters](#)

[repositories](#)

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3130	98.128.1.0/24	24

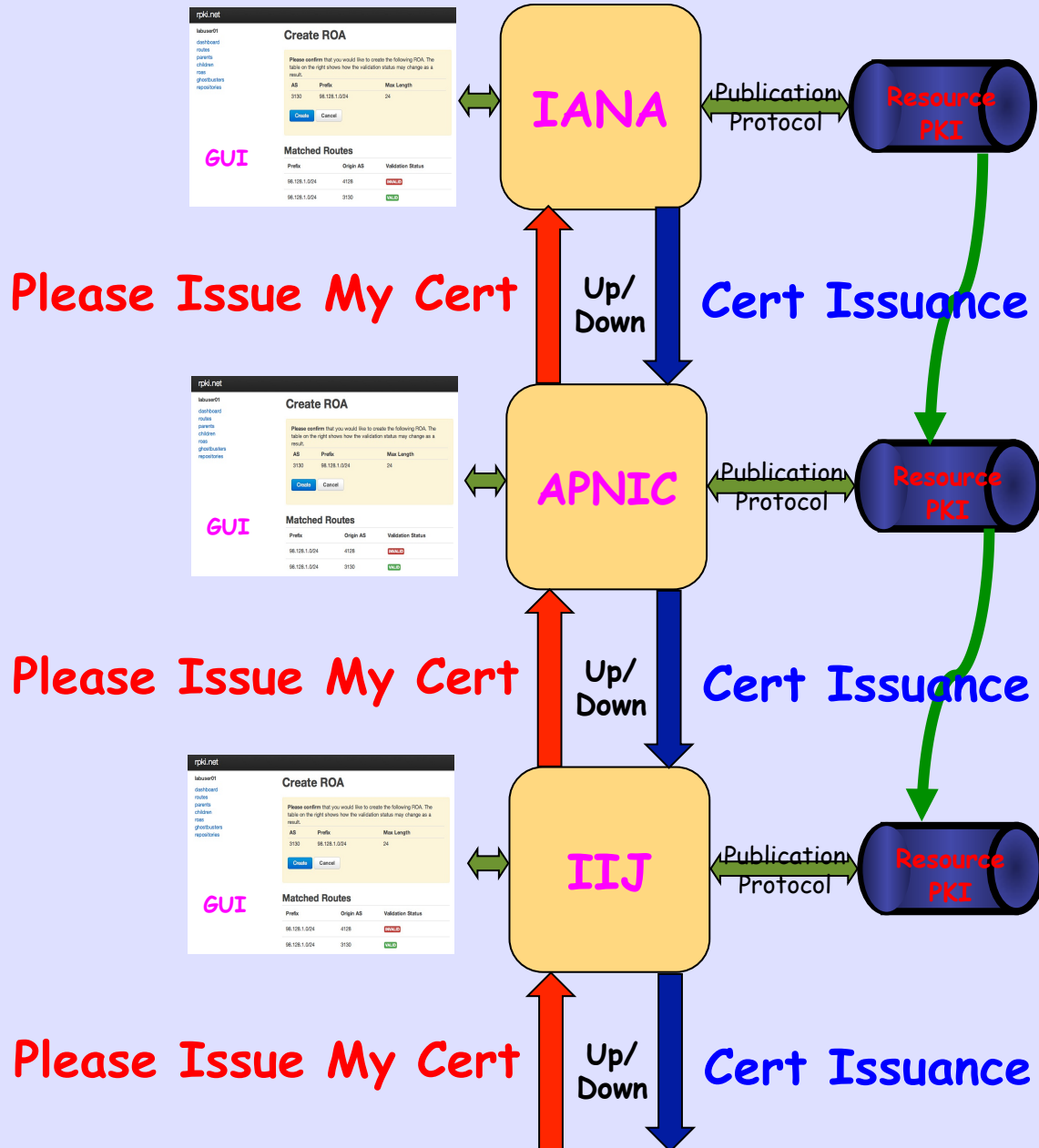
Create

Cancel

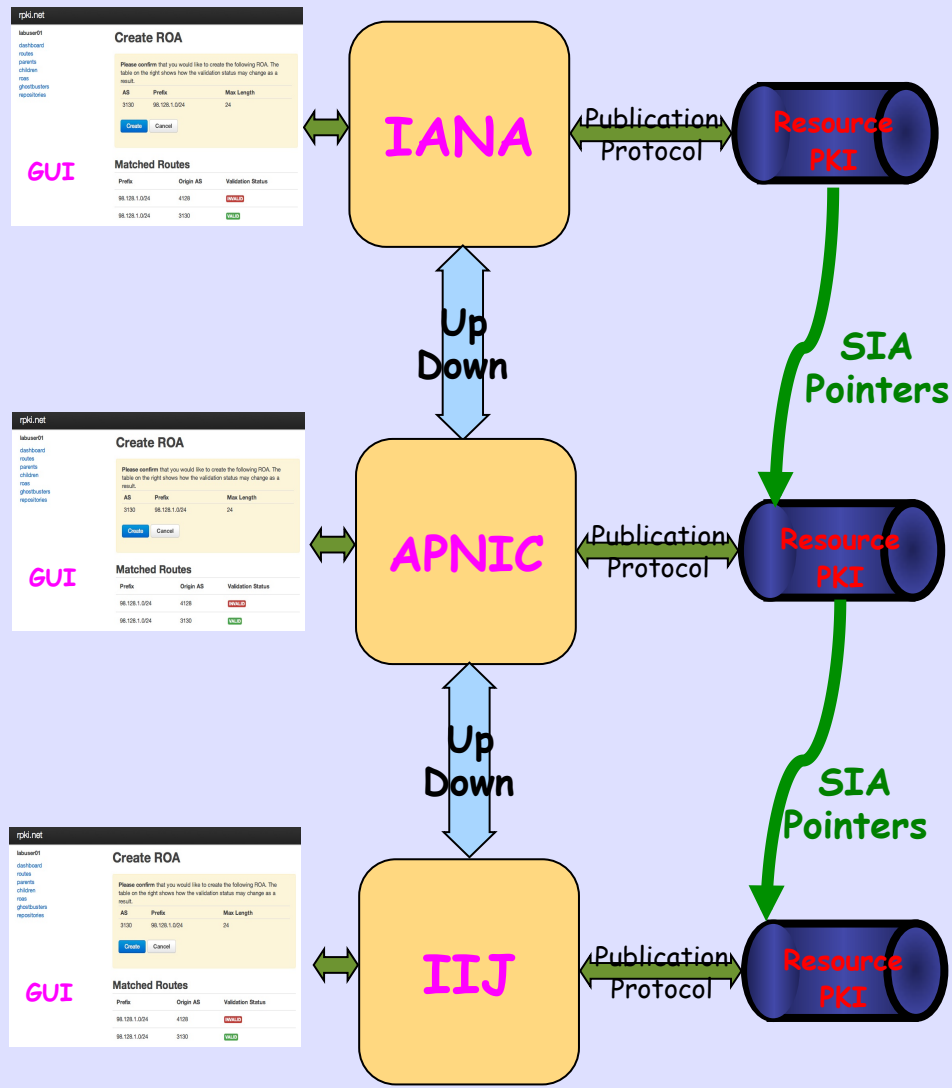
Matched Routes

Prefix	Origin AS	Validation Status
98.128.1.0/24	4128	INVALID
98.128.1.0/24	3130	VALID

Issuing Parties

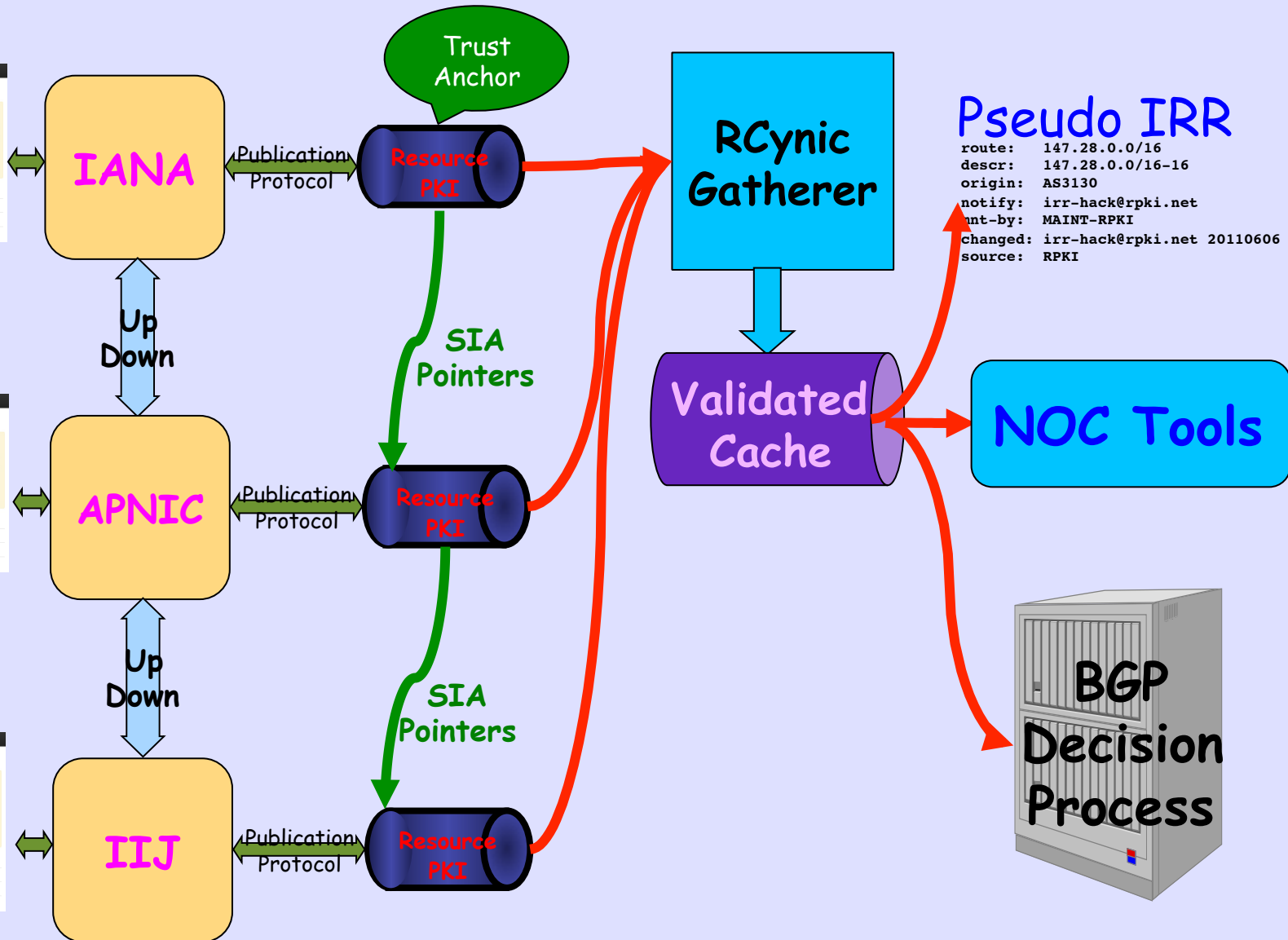
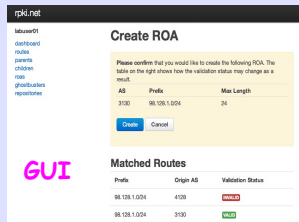
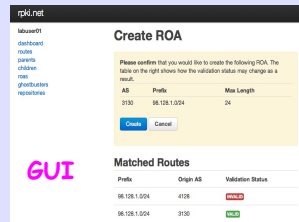
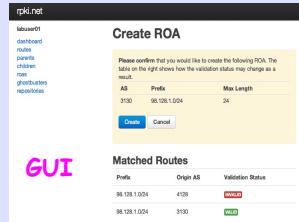


Issuing Parties

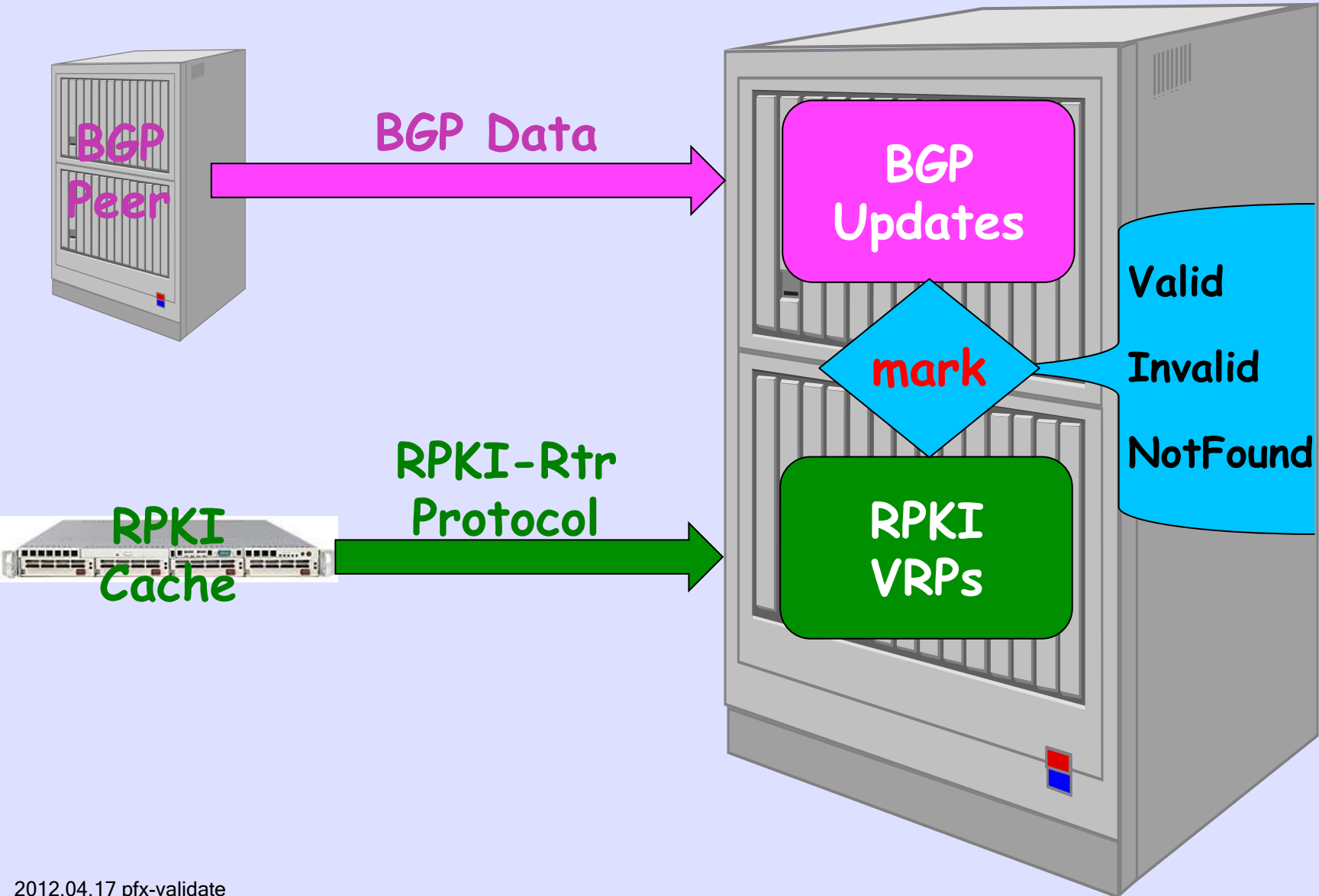


Issuing Parties

Relying Parties



Marking BGP Updates



Result of Check

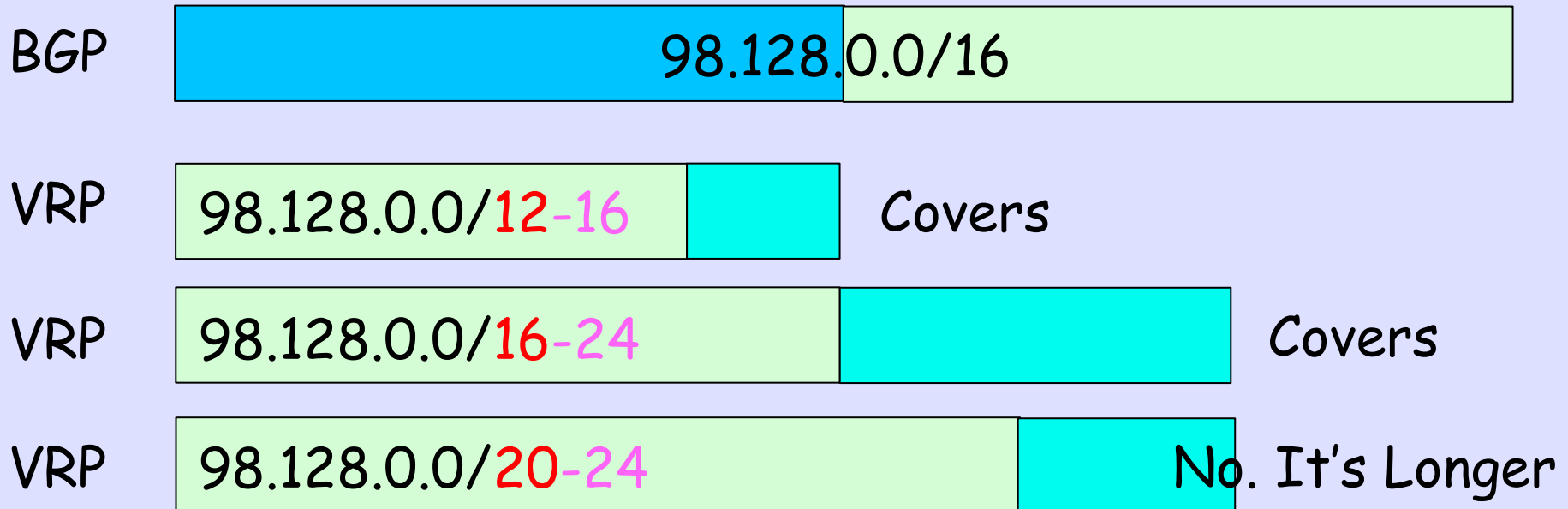
- **Valid** - A matching/covering VRP was found with a matching AS number
- **Invalid** - A covering VRP was found, but the AS number did not match, and there was no other matching one
- **NotFound** - No matching or covering VRP was found, same as today

The Operator
Tests the Marks
and then
Applies Local Policy

What are the BGP / VRRP¹ Matching Rules?

¹ Validated ROA Payload

- A Route is **Covered** by a VRP when the VRP prefix length is less than or equal to the Route prefix length
- Note: Covered does not use max-len



A Route is **Matched** by a VRP when

- the Route is Covered by that VRP,
- the Route's length is less than or equal to the VRP max-len, and
- the Route's Origin AS is equal to the VRP's AS

BGP	98.128.0.0/16 AS 42	
VRP	98.128.0.0/12-16 AS 42	Matched
VRP	98.128.0.0/16-24 AS 666	No. AS Mismatch
VRP	98.128.0.0/20-24 AS 42	No. VRP Longer

More Formally

ROA = (Rp, RL, Ra) // prefix, length, AS
VRPs = {Vp, VL, Vm, Va} // prefix, len, max-len, AS

cover(V,R) = intersect (Vp, Rp) and VL <= RL

match(V,R) = cover(V,R) and RL <= Vm and Ra = Va

More Formality

$Rl \leq Vm$

$Rl > Vm$

$Ra=Va$

$Ra\sim=Va$

$Ra=Va$

$Ra\sim=Va$

$\text{cover}(V,R)$

Valid

Invalid

Invalid

Invalid

$\sim \text{cover}(V,R)$

NotFound

NotFound

NotFound

NotFound

And if You Liked That

TE ::= There Exists

FA ::= For All

valid (R) ::= TE V in VPRs such that Tag(V,R) = V

invalid (R) ::= ~valid(R) and TE V in VPRs such that Tag(V,R) = Invalid

NotFound(R) ::= ~valid(R) and ~invalid(R)

expanded:

**valid(R) ==> TE V in VRPs such that intersect (Vp,Rp) and VI <= RI and
RI <= Vm and Ra=Va**

**invalid(R) ==> ~valid(R) and
TE V in VRPs such that intersect(Vp,Rp) and VI <= RI and
(RI > Vm or Ra ~ = Va)**

notfound(R) ==> FA V in VRPs, ~intersect(Vp,Rp) or VI > RI

Had
Enough?



Matching and Validity

VRP₀ 98.128.0.0/16-24 AS 6

VRP₁ 98.128.0.0/16-20 AS 42

BGP	98.128.0.0/12	AS 42	NotFound, not covered by any VRP
BGP	98.128.0.0/16	AS 42	Valid, Matches VRP ₁
BGP	98.128.0.0/20	AS 6	Valid, Matches VRP ₀
BGP	98.128.0.0/22	AS 42	Invalid, length within VRP ₁ but AS mismatch
BGP	98.128.0.0/24	AS 42	Invalid, longer than VRP ₁ although AS matches
BGP	98.128.0.0/24	AS 6	Valid, Matches VRP ₀

VRP with ASO

- It is supposed to mark a prefix as always invalid
- But what happens when there is a VRP for ASO and another VRP which matches the announcement?
- The announcement is matched, and is therefore Valid

- Router implementations do not accept announcements with ASO.
- So, you will mark as Invalid when a VRP with ASO covers as long as there is no matching VRP.
- But think of the case where a court order causes RIPE to issue a VRP with ASO for you, but a 'rescue' trust anchor published a matching VRP. You are saved!

Don't Accept Invalid

- If your policy accepts Invalid,
- A more specific prefix hijack will be marked as Invalid
- But it will still be accepted
- Because it is the only candidate for the more specific prefix

- So maybe you don't want to accept Invalids?

Just Closed Issue(s)

- Should updates learned via iBGP be marked?
- Should updates injected into BGP on this router be marked?
- My bottom line:
 - Yes, to support incremental deployment
 - I do not want to find out I am announcing garbage when my neighbor's NOC calls

Allowing Holes

- Big Provider announces 10.0.0.0/8
- Wants to issue ROA for 10/8 before ensuring ROAs are issued for customers
- So signal hole-punching is allowed by `max-len==0`

10.0.0.0/8-0 42
10.0.0.0/9-0 42
10.128.0.0/9-0 42

would cause the marking of the following as Valid

10.0.0.0/8 42
10.0.0.0/9 42
10.128.0.0/9 42

and the following as NotFound

10.42.0.0/24 42
10.42.0.0/16 666
10.77.0.0/24 666

but would cause the marking of the following as Invalid

10.0.0.0/8 666
10.0.0.0/9 666
10.128.0.0/9 666

Pfui!

- This protects 10/8 but nothing else, pretty useless
- Generate temporary customer ROAs from BGP table, get real protection