-6793:3080 08.51.100.14 35000:13be 311 3:19:52:80:1198 1:2209:500 30 b 8 = 109 !

Cross border Law Enforcement – The order

Jochem de Ruig - RIPE NCC



Before the order – investigation by FBI

- The FBI was investigating a DNSChanger case
- Their suspects had resources registered with ARIN and RIPE NCC
- FBI wanted to prevent the transfer of these resources
- FBI requested the Dutch police through the MLAT process to order the RIPE NCC to freeze the registration for 4 blocks of IPv4

The order – execution of the order

 The RIPE NCC received the Police order and based upon Article 2 of the Police Act

 RIPE NCC executed the order as requested due to the timely execution of the FBI action and informed the members involved about it

 After the execution the RIPE NCC investigated the legality and the obligatory nature of the order



After the execution – legal analysis

- Order based on Article 2 of the Police Act 1993 (general legal basis for the police to act and give orders)
- This article can order people to tolerate a situation
 not to actively do something
- This article alone is not sufficient for the police to issue orders - needs additional legal basis for the order
- Disobeying orders based on this article does not create remedies

Communication with the prosecutor

The RIPE NCC

- Requested further legal basis about the order
- Would not voluntary obey to non obligatory orders
- The prosecutor
 - Did not provide any further legal basis
 - Notified that:
 - if the order is reversed, RIPE NCC will be liable for any consequence
 - seizure of the "RIPE NCC administration" would also be an appropriate measure

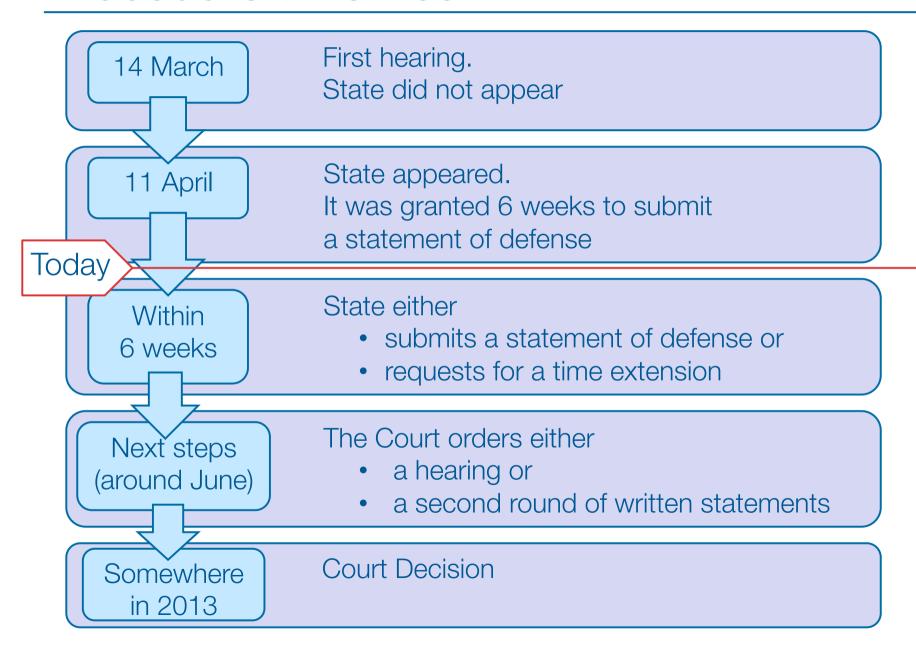
Where are we now?

- The prosecutor confirmed he would not proceed with seizure at this point in time
- RIPE NCC "unfroze" the IP address blocks
 - Informed the relevant members about the "unfreezing"

 RIPE NCC is pursuing legal action to get clarity on the situation



Procedure timelines



So where does this leave us....

"Take a step back and re-evaluate the existing procedure and the practicality of it."



Basic principles for RIPE NCC for orders

- All activities are for the benefit of the RIPE NCC membership
- Crucial benefit for the membership → accurate data in the Public Registry
- Accurate data is to record about the organisation/person responsible for the IP
- Changing or amending data in the Registry is not beneficial towards the membership

Re-established procedure for orders

- In principle only NL Court orders will be executed
- Orders will be evaluated on case-by-case basis
 - Orders must have legal basis and follow correct procedure
 - Action requested must be appropriate and proportional
 - Orders must not jeopardise accuracy of public registry information
- RIPE NCC will challenge orders in case any of the above requirements are violated
- Enhance cooperation and communication between LEAs and RIRs

Questions?



